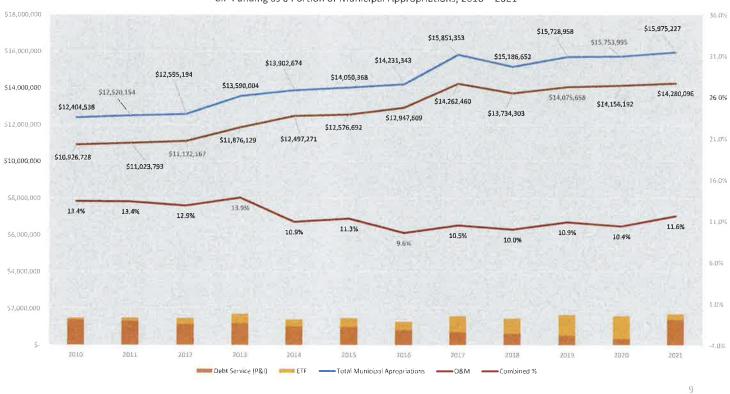


** Appropriations

8

CIP Funding as a Portion of Municipal Appropriations, 2010 – 2021



** Does not include School, County, or Village District Appropriation

Tax Rates and Valuation Information

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Municipal | 4.20 | 4,16 | 4.20 | 4,55 | 4.77 | 4,81 | 5,06 | 5.00 | 5,00 | 5,00 | 4.29 |
| County | 1.33 | 1.32 | 1.37 | 1.51 | 1.41 | 1,45 | 1.33 | 1.23 | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.15 |
| School | 4.95 | 4.87 | 4.76 | 5.76 | 6.00 | 6,52 | 6.76 | 6.79 | 7,02 | 7.36 | 6.7 |
| State Ed | 2.32 | 2.30 | 2.29 | 2.59 | 2.65 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.15 | 1.88 |
| Total | \$12.80 | \$12.65 | \$12.62 | \$14.41 | \$14.83 | \$15.20 | \$15,59 | \$15.23 | \$15.62 | \$15.89 | \$14.02 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ratio History | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| | 104.1% | 105.7% | 106.1% | 99.2% | 99.2% | 97.1% | 97.2% | 98.7% | 90.7% | 87.0% | 97.6% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Valuation \$ 1,834,675,812 | | \$ 1,845,422,650 | \$ 1,856,317,320 | \$ 1,741,033,913 | \$ 1,745,511,622 | \$ 1,758,060,047 | \$ 1,771,154,645 | \$ 1,923,690,590 | \$ 1,936,858,689 | \$ 1,956,399,890 | \$ 2,302,685,480 |

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Meredith Capital improvements Program (CIP)

Appendix D

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

- 1. Why create a Capital Improvements Program (CIP)? Many significant community benefits may be derived from preparing and maintaining a Capital Improvements program.
- A. The CIP is a tool available to the Select Board as they prepare their annual budget.
- B. The CIP puts near-term capital needs in context as it Identifies and forecasts capital needs for a period of approximately 6 years.
- C. The CIP makes voters aware pf proposed capital improvements that may be of particular interest and about major proposals that will likely come before Town meeting.
- D. The CIP contributes towards a stable tax rate by avoiding untimely capital expenditures and unnecessary long term borrowing.
- E. The CIP provides linkage between planning for our future needs and appropriations on specific community improvements.
- F. Cooperative project planning can result in cost savings and duplication of expenditures.
- G. Communities demonstrating sound fiscal health together with quality facilities and services are attractive to investors of all kinds; homeowners, businesses and lending institutions.
- H. Capital improvement programming supports and compliments broader community economic development objectives.

2. What are the limitations of the CIP?

- A. The CIP is not a budget. It is a tool to aid in the budget development process.
- B. CIP recommendations are non-binding and advisory only.
- C. The CIP process cannot fully anticipate unusual changes in growth, the political process, emergencies, economic conditions, etc.
- D. The CIP process does not guarantee an overall level tax rate. Capital expenditures constitute approximately 12% of total annual municipal appropriations.
- **3.** What is a "Capital Improvement"? For purposes of this CIP, "Capital improvements" are defined as meeting the following general criteria:
 - 1. projects or improvements that are typically non-recurring in nature; and
 - 2. projects or improvements that have a useful live of at least 5 years; and
 - 3. projects or improvements that cost or commit approximately \$90,000 or more.

Examples of projects or improvements that meet this criterion may include:

 the construction or reconstruction of public infrastructure (roads, sewer lines, water mains, etc.),

- o the purchase lease, construction or replacement of public buildings and facilities,
- o the purchase or lease of major heavy equipment such as fire trucks, dump trucks, etc.,
- o the acquisition or lease of *land* or interest in land for public purposes.

4. How does the CIP process work?

- A volunteer, CIP Advisory Committee is appointed by the Planning Board.
- The Committee includes representation from the Planning Board, Select Board, School Board and the general public.
- The Committee meets regularly in the Spring and late Summer/early Fall to review updates on any previous submitted capital needs or to receive information on new projects or improvements.
- The Committee formulates its recommendations.
- The recommended CIP is presented to the Planning Board at a public hearing.
- The approved CIP is transmitted to the Town Manager and Select Board for consideration during their budget development process.
- All Committee meetings are conducted in accordance with NH RSA 91-A (aka the Right-to-Know Law).

5. Does the Inter-Lakes School District participate in the Meredith CIP

process? Yes, but for informational purposes only. Meredith is one of three towns that comprise the Inter-Lakes School District (Meredith, Center Harbor and Sandwich). Capital expenditures are approved a the three-town District Meeting in March. The District has developed and periodically updates the Inter-Lakes School District Capital Improvements Plan and Facilities Budget Plan. Meredith is responsible for approximately 75 % of district costs including capital expenditures.

- **6. What is the enabling statutory authority?** The enabling authority is NH RSA (Revised Statues Annotated) 674:5-8. Highlights include:
- The sole purpose of the CIP is to aid the consideration of annual budgets
- Capital Improvement Projects are projected over a period of at least 6 years
- The CIP encompasses major projects being currently undertaken and future projects
- The CIP Recommends a time sequence for implementation
- The CIP estimates project and probable operating and maintenance costs
- The CIP takes into account needs identified in the Master Plan.

7. How can I learn more or participate in the process?

- a. Attend meetings of the CIP Advisory Committee. All meetings are open to the public.
- b. Stay current with the work of the Committee. All approved meeting minutes are posted on the town web site.
- c. Participate in the budget process. The Select Board's budget process includes both operating and capital expenses.
- d. Attend Town Meeting. All votes on the budget are taken at the Town Meeting deliberative session including votes on capital improvements.
- e. See appointment to serve on the volunteer Capital Improvements Program (CIP) Advisory Committee.
- f. Ask questions. Become informed. Contact the Community Development Department at 677-4215 form more information.